

According to estimates from the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), there were 12.7 million new cancer cases in 2008 worldwide. The corresponding estimates for total cancer deaths in 2008 were 7.6 million (about 21,000 cancer deaths a day)

### 在 2008 年全球新癌症病患共有 一千两百七十万个

China Cancer Rate Soaring, New Chinese Report

By Gao Hao & Gary Par Fronth Times Staff

最新报告揭露, 中国癌症发病率 飙升!

Indonesia

Cancer incidence increased up to 8% per year in the last decade and became the 7th cause of death in Indonesia

\*资料来源·印尼玄西人 学,运录系

印尼

中国

## United Arab

Cancer Cases at Verge of Increasi by 2026

### 阿拉伯联合 酋长国

· 查到来地 维多利亚维

### Malaysia

Nearly 70,000 new cases reported over two years (2003-2005); breast cance remains the biggest

马来西亚

两年内 (2003-2005) 出現大約七万个新務 惠: 乳糖掃攝大器首

## **Singapore**

## 新加坡

应在是杀手第一名 3名前加坡人中在 1人死于癌症 每天有14人死于癌症

## From FARM to END PRODUCT 从引燕對燕窩制成品



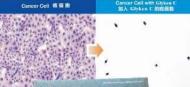
## 革新生物科技的奇迹成果 — **Glyken** (

Potential To Reduce

GROWTH

**CANCER CELL** 

具备抑制癌细胞成长的潜能















# Glyken (



GLYKEN BIO PRODUCTS SDN BHD

### 1st Day / 第一天



对照组显示未加入 Glyken C 的人体癌细胞

Cancer Cell with Glyken C 加入 Glyken C 的磨細胞

. . .

Human cancer cells treated with 1% Glyken C: The cancer cells shrink in size and arrested from grow.

人体癌细胞在 1% Glyken C的治疗下:癌细胞的体 、积缩小和增长受控

### 2nd Day / 第二天



ontrol group: The cance alls without Glyken Continue to multiply fast and expanding.

对照组显示未加入 Glyken C 的癌细胞继续 快速繁殖和扩谱

Cancer Cell with Glyken C 加入 Glyken C 的總細胞 . . .

Treatment with 1% Glyken C: Only small number of the cancer cells can multiply but show apoptosis (dying) features. 人体癌细胞在 1% Glyken C的治疗下:癌细胞的体 粉缩小和增长受控

### 3rd Day / 第三天



Control group: The cancer cells without Glyken C multiply aggressively and start forming groups.

对照组显示未加入 Glyken C 的癌细胞继续 快速繁殖和形成组织

Cancer Cell with Glyken C 加入 Glyken C 的癌細胞 .

Treatment with 1% Glyken C: Very few cancer cells remain and most of them showing apoptotic (dying) features.

在 1% Glyken C 的治疗 下:只有少数的癌细胞残 留和显示凋亡的情况

### 4th Day / 第四天



Control group: The cancer cells without Glyken C continue to grow fast and spreading.

对照组显示未加入 Glyken C 的癌细胞继续 快速的繁殖和扩散

### Cancer Cell with Glyken C 加入 Glyken C 的癌细胞

Treatment with 1% Glyken C: The cancer cells are arrested from growth and remain in small number.

在 1% Glyken C 的治疗 下:癌细胞的增长不但 控而且只有少数残留着

### What is Glyken C? Glyken C是何物?

Glyken C is glycoproteins extracted from swiftlet's nest. Glyken C 是燕窝萃取精华里的糖蛋白 Glyken C is tested to have anti-cancer potential. Glyken C 经过测试具有抗癌的潜能

### How Glyken C attack cancer cells? / Glyken C 是如何攻击癌细胞?

1. Glyken C inhibit the cancer cells from aggressive growth. Glyken C treated cancer cells remained in small number and struggle to live. Glyken C 可抑制德强服的快速生长, Glyken C 治疗后的癌细胞剩下少数以即难以生存。

 Glyken C induce apoptosis in the cancer cells. Apoptosis is a program cell death. It is a cascade event for the cell to self destruction without harming others cells.
 Glyken C 诱导癌细胞调亡、细胞调亡是个程序性的细胞 死亡过程。癌细胞将自我毁灭而不伤害其他良好细胞

How Glyken C causes apoptosis to the cancer cells?
Glyken C 如何诱导癌细胞凋亡?









